

```

In[1]:= (*
SpinCorr.nb
Copyright 2011 by Robert Close

Find correlation between spins obtained by sampling points
at different angles on a sphere divided into + and - hemispheres.

History: Bell_Sine.nb written 2/14/2011 by Robert Close (RC):
orientation expressed as rotation of initial z-axis.
SpinCorr.nb written 9/5/2011 by RC:
device A samples points on a sphere with weighting for density of states.
Modified 9/16/2011 by RC to clarify variable names.

*)

thetaABi = .;
thetaA = .;
phi = .;
thetaAB = .;
corrAB = .;
np = .;
na = .;

(* Sampling of thetaAB *)
np = 40;
(* Sampling of spin rotation angles *)
na = 80;

Array[thetaAB, np];
Array[corrAB, np];
(* Loop through thetaAB values 0 to Pi *)
For[i = 1, i ≤ np, i++,
thetaAB[i] = Pi (i - 1 / 2) / np;
thetaABi = thetaAB[i];

snorm = 0;
corrAB[i] = 0;
corra = 0;
corrb = 0;

(* Get systematic orientation of rotation
axes using polar coordinates: 0 < thetaA < Pi/2; 0 < phi < 2Pi *)
For[nth = 1, nth ≤ na, nth++,
thetaA = Pi (nth - 1 / 2) / na;

For[nph = 1, nph ≤ 2 na, nph++,
phi = 2 Pi (nph - 1 / 2) / (2 na);

spinA = N[Sign[Cos[phi] Sin[thetaA]]];

spinB = N[Sign[Cos[phi] Sin[thetaA + thetaABi]]];

```

```

corrAB[i] += N[spinA spinB Abs[Sin[thetaA]]];

(* Density of rotation axes is Sin[thetaA] dthetaA dphi *)
snorm += N[Abs[Sin[thetaA]]];
corra += N[spinA Abs[Sin[thetaA]]];
corrb += N[spinB Abs[Sin[thetaA]]];
]; (* For nph *)
]; (* For nth *)
(* Print["snorm= ",snorm]; *)
corrAB[i] = corrAB[i] / snorm;
(* Uncomment to check values *)
(*
Print["thetaABi = ",thetaABi];
Print["corrAB = ",corrAB[i]];
Print["Avg spin A = ",N[corra/snorm]];
Print["Avg spin B = ",N[corrb/snorm]];
*)
]; (* For[i *)

rmserr = 0;
For[i = 1, i ≤ np, i++,
  thetaABi = Pi (i - 1 / 2) / np;
  rmserr += (corrAB[i] - Cos[thetaABi]) ^ 2;
];
rmserr = N[Sqrt[rmserr / np]];
Print["rmserr=", rmserr];

ListPlot[Table[{thetaAB[i], corrAB[i]}, {i, 0, np}]]

```

rmserr= 2.37672×10^{-14}

